

OVERVIEW OF THE HISTORY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES IN UZBEKISTAN

Tajiyev Bahadir son of Mavlon
Counter-Engineering Economics
Researcher of the Institute

A B S T R A C T	K E Y W O R D S
This article talks about the history of the activities of internal affairs bodies in Uzbekistan. Based on historical data, the author studied and analyzed specific aspects of the history of internal affairs bodies in Uzbekistan on the basis of existing scientific literature.	Independence, internal affairs bodies, security, legal and regulatory documents..

Introduction

The fulfillment of the dreams and hopes of our ancestors who have been living on this land for centuries since the independence of Uzbekistan, the result of the blood shed on the path of independence, the determination of the people's path and the celebration of justice it has been.

Main Part:

After the independence of Uzbekistan, the Uzbek people had the opportunity to rediscover their rich and ancient history. "We all know very well what difficult times and difficult trials there have been in the thousand-year history of the Uzbek people"¹. This is the past rich in trials, this inexhaustible culture encourages the Uzbek people to take a step towards a great and bright future, to overcome difficulties and trials, and unites them on the path of common goals. After all, as the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M. Mirziyoyev said: "The most recent history of Uzbekistan and the universal achievements that we have achieved, our brave and tenacious people are able to overcome any difficulties, obstacles and tests with their strength and will." gives full reason to say that he is capable"². As mentioned above, independence gave our nation its identity back. As a result of this, our government paid great attention to the development of economic, political, cultural and social spheres, especially science. In particular, the development of the field of education and science in the fourth direction of the "Strategy of actions on the five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2017-2021" approved by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan in early 2017, determination of the tasks of improving the state policy regarding youth is a clear example of our opinion.

¹ Mirziyoyev Sh. M. Together we will build a free and prosperous, democratic country of Uzbekistan. - T.: Uzbekistan, 2017. - P. 5.

² Mirziyoyev Sh. M. Together we will build a free and prosperous, democratic country of Uzbekistan. - T.: Uzbekistan, 2017. - P. 7.

In the process of global globalization, events such as ideological, ideological and informational struggle, world economic crisis, increasing unemployment, socio-economic, political confrontations are gaining international significance, mass protests, regional conflicts, and internal conflicts are increasing, which affect the security of states. attention is being paid to the issue of provision. This, in turn, increases the need to strengthen the position and role of the police, which is one of the main links of the state mechanism, as a body that ensures public administration and security of citizens.

Research is being conducted in a number of developed higher educational institutions and scientific centers of the world on the topics of ensuring public order and public security, protecting the rights and freedoms of citizens. In particular, from a general theoretical point of view, the functions, systems and methods of the role and role of police bodies in modern democratic society, the study and generalization of international experience in police activities, highly qualified management technologies, training of qualified specialists based on general principles, international crime, especially its organized forms in countries researches are being carried out in priority areas such as the role of the internal affairs system in actions against serious threats to the development and security of the country.

The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Internal Affairs Bodies" adopted on September 16, 2016, and the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On the Strategy of Actions for Further Development of the Republic of Uzbekistan" dated February 7, 2017 Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. PF-4947 dated April 10, 2017 "Measures to radically increase the efficiency of the internal affairs bodies, to strengthen their responsibility in ensuring public order, reliable protection of citizens' rights, freedoms and legitimate interests" Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. PF-5005 on measures, No. PQ-2883 of April 12, 2017 "On organizational measures to further improve the activities of internal affairs bodies" Uzbekistan Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated May 1, 2017 "On measures to fundamentally improve the activities of internal affairs bodies in the field of maintaining public order and ensuring public safety" No. PQ-2940 and 2017 Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. PQ-3216 dated August 16 "On measures to fundamentally improve the system of training, retraining and professional development of employees of internal affairs bodies" and other legal documents today illuminate the activities of internal affairs bodies is being used as an important resource.

Results and Discussions:

A comprehensive normative-legal framework that regulates the activities of internal affairs bodies in order to ensure internal security in our republic, to maintain peace and tranquility of the population, to protect the honor, dignity, rights, freedom, legal interests and sustainable development of citizens from any form of aggression. was formed. New programs and plans are being implemented to prevent crime. The content of law enforcement agencies is changing completely. In the future, we must create a truly people-friendly internal affairs system that has won the trust and love of our country.

With the honor of independence, special attention is being paid to internal affairs bodies in our country, like other sectors. This industry has become a protector and helper of our people, a reliable guarantee of protection of peace and tranquility in our country, public order and security of citizens. In particular, the reforms carried out in recent years have fundamentally improved this system, turned the internal affairs bodies into a social system that provides timely and high-quality assistance to the population,

where each employee considers serving the interests of the people as their duty. allows to turn it into a professional structure.

In the works of researchers such as M. Buttino, R. Butler, mainly the establishment of the Soviet government in Turkestan, national-territorial delimitation, land-water and collectivization policies of the Bolsheviks, and national liberation movements in the country against the Soviet system, the former regime They gave information about the activities of secret organs such as the GPU, OGPU, NKVD and KGB, which operated during the period, and the repression policies they implemented. Also, these works contain valuable information about the activity and history of internal affairs bodies in Uzbekistan during the former union.

Conclusion:

In short, the activities of internal affairs bodies in Uzbekistan have not been fully studied. In particular, in the works created during the Soviet era, these issues did not find their unbiased interpretation because the problem was approached under the ideological influence of communist ideology. The history of the internal affairs bodies has not been sufficiently studied even in the researches created in the years of independence in Uzbekistan, the researchers are still ongoing. This graduate thesis is also a part of such studies.

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