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USING THE PRONOUNS IN ENGLISH

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A B S T R A C T							K E Y W O R D S		
The article demonstrates English pronouns and construction, grammatical categories and their functions.					Several, some, somebody, someone, something				

Introduction

English Pronouns: Types, and the use of English pronouns

In learning how to speak English, the use of Pronouns is an important part that cannot be ignored. Pronouns are a fundamental part of the English language and are used to replace nouns in a sentence.

They are words that refer to people, animals, things, or groups of people or things.

The use of pronouns allows for smoother and more efficient communication as it eliminates the need to repeat nouns over and over again.

In English, there are several types of pronouns, including personal pronouns, possessive pronouns, reflexive pronouns, interrogative pronouns, demonstrative pronouns, and indefinite pronouns. Each type serves a specific function in a sentence.

We will be covering the above in this article so grab a seat and enjoy.

Types of Pronouns in English Personal Pronouns: These pronouns are used to refer to specific people or things, such as "I," "you," "he," "she," "it," "we," "you," and "they."

Possessive Pronouns: These pronouns indicate ownership, such as "mine," "yours," "his," "hers," "its," "ours," "yours," and "theirs."

Reflexive Pronouns: These pronouns are used to indicate that the subject of the sentence is performing an action on themselves, such as "myself," "yourself," "himself," "itself," "itself," "ourselves," "yourselves," "themselves."

Interrogative Pronouns: These pronouns are used to ask questions, such as "who," "whom," "whose," "what," and "which."

Demonstrative Pronouns: These pronouns are used to indicate a specific noun, such as "this," "that," "these," or "those."

Indefinite Pronouns: These pronouns refer to people or things without specifying who or what they are, such as "all," "another," "any," "anybody," "anyone," "anything," "both," "each," "either," "everybody," "everyone," "everything," "few," "many," "neither," "nobody," "none," "no one," "nothing," "one," "other," "several," "some," "somebody," "someone," "something."

Reciprocal Pronouns: These pronouns are pronouns that refer to a reciprocal relationship between two or more people or things. The two reciprocal pronouns in English are "each other" and "one another." P a g e | **263** www.americanjournal.org

"Each other" is used when referring to two people or things, while "one another" is used when referring to more than two people or things. For example, "John and Mary love each other" and "The members of the club support one another."

The Importance of Pronouns in the English Language

English Pronouns are an essential part of the English language and play a crucial role in communication. They help to make sentences more efficient by eliminating the need to repeat nouns and making communication smoother. Here are some of the reasons why pronouns are important in the English language:

Pronouns make sentences more concise and clear: Pronouns allow for more efficient use of language by replacing nouns that have already been introduced. This makes sentences shorter and more concise, which makes communication faster and more efficient. They are used to refer to specific people or things, which helps to make sentences clearer and more easily understood.

Pronouns indicate relationships and show formality: Pronouns can indicate relationships between the speaker, the person spoken to, and the person or thing spoken about. This helps to create context and make communication more effective. They also indicate formality or informality in a sentence, which is important in a variety of settings such as business or social communication.

Overall, English Pronouns are a vital component of the language and their correct usage is essential for effective communication. Understanding the different types of pronouns, their usage and their function in grammar and sentence structure is an important step in the process of learning English.

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Common mistakes when using English Pronouns

Pronoun agreement: One of the most common mistakes when using English Pronouns is not ensuring that the pronoun agrees in number and person with the noun it is replacing. For example, "I" should be used instead of "me" when the subject of the sentence is "I."

Confusion between subject and object pronouns: Another common mistake is using subject pronouns when object pronouns are required, or vice versa. For example, "She gave it to him" is correct, while "She gave he it" is incorrect.

Incorrect use of reflexive pronouns: Using reflexive pronouns incorrectly, such as using "myself" instead of "me" or "I," or using "themselves" when the subject is singular, can be confusing for native speakers.

Confusing "who" and "whom": "Who" is used as a subject pronoun, and "whom" is used as an object pronoun. For example, "Who is going to the store?" and "Whom did you give the book to?"

Not using gender-neutral pronouns: English language has several personal pronouns, however, some people prefer to use gender-neutral pronouns such as "they", "them", "their", "theirs", and "themself", instead of "he", "him", "his", "himself" or "she", "her", "hers", "herself". It's important to be mindful of this and use the pronoun that the person prefers.

Incorrect use of possessive pronouns: Using possessive pronouns such as "its" instead of "it's" is a common mistake. Remember that "it's" is a contraction of "it is" while "its" is a possessive pronoun.

Confusing "who" and "that": "Who" is used to refer to people, while "that" is used to refer to things or animals. For example, "The person who I saw at the store" and "The book that I read" Incorrect use of relative pronouns: Incorrect use of relative pronouns such as "which" and "that" can make a sentence unclear or confusing. It's important to use the correct relative pronoun for the context. By being aware of these common mistakes, and practicing your use of pronouns, you can improve your English language and overcome the fear of speaking English in public.

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