



**SOME ASPECTS OF IMPROVING THE ACTIVITIES OF
SPECIAL INSTITUTIONS OF THE PUBLIC ORDER SERVICE OF
INTERNAL AFFAIRS BODIES**

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ABSTRACT	KEYWORDS
The article describes the reforms carried out in the activities of special institutions of the public order service of the internal affairs bodies, in particular the legislative acts adopted in the field and the results obtained by their implementation in logical consistency, and provides feedback on the prospects for improving the legal provision of this direction.	Internal affairs Bodies, Public Order Maintenance, special Institutions, Reforms, legal basis.

Introduction

According to legal scholars, within the framework of the large-scale reforms carried out in our country, special attention is paid to ensuring a peaceful and peaceful life of the population and the formation of a culture of obedience to the law and public safety in our society [5; b-20]. Especially in recent years, large-scale reforms are being carried out aimed at the comprehensive reform of the Internal Affairs system, optimization of its structural structures, increasing the productivity of lower-tier divisions.

Serious changes are being introduced in order to ensure public safety, effectively establish the fight against crime and the Prevention of offenses, to raise the legal culture of the population, to find in the minds of citizens a decision on the vital principle "law is a priority, punishment for a crime is inevitable".

At the moment, it was considered one of the main directions of reforms carried out in the field of holding and guarding persons suspected and accused of committing a crime, ensuring the execution of decisions of courts that impose a prison sentence in administrative order, organizing the activities of rehabilitation institutions of persons who do not have a specific place of residence on the basis of The internal affairs bodies are distinguished by the peculiarity of the activities of special institutions of the public order service. Taking into account the size and scale of the work and the importance of the state in the rehabilitation of individuals, providing them with socio-legal assistance, as well as the implementation of the tasks of preservation and protection, this direction is one of the main functions of the internal affairs bodies.

It is known that in the following years, large-scale and well-thought-out reforms are being carried out in the Internal Affairs system, like in all areas. In particular, great work is being done in order to ensure

the rule of law in society, to transform the internal affairs bodies into a truly folksy system that serves the benefit of el yurt [1].

During the years of independence, certain legal foundations of the activities of special institutions of the public order service of internal affairs bodies were also formed.

According to the content, the legal framework of the activities of special institutions of the public order service of internal affairs bodies can be divided into two groups: (a) regulatory acts containing norms that provide for the conduct, rights and freedoms of citizens, prohibitions established in the implementation of certain actions and responsibility for their violation; (B) regulatory legal acts that contain norms

The analysis of regulatory legal acts regulating the activities of special institutions of the public order service of internal affairs bodies shows that the legal framework of the first group, which mainly includes the Constitution and laws of the Republic of Uzbekistan, while the second group of documents includes presidential decrees and decisions, decisions of the Cabinet of Ministers and internal departmental regulatory legal acts of

The norms of the Constitution that directly regulate the activities of internal affairs bodies can be divided into three groups: a) those that provide for the rights and freedoms of citizens; b) those that dictate the implementation of certain tasks by internal affairs bodies; c) those that require compliance with certain requirements and the fulfillment of obligations in the organization of activities [6; b-290]. The codes of the Republic of Uzbekistan on criminal, Criminal-Procedural and administrative responsibility also play an important role in the implementation of these norms into the life of society and the legal regulation of social relations arising in the activities of special institutions of internal affairs bodies.

Article 2 of the Criminal Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan: firstly, to protect a person, his rights and freedoms, the interests of society and the state, property, natural environment, peace, human security from criminal encroachments; secondly, to prevent crimes; thirdly, to educate citizens in the spirit of compliance with the Constitution and laws of the Republic, its main tasks are established. Special institutions of the public order service of the internal affairs bodies participate in ensuring the implementation of the tasks set out in Article 2 of the Criminal Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan within the competence established by the current legislation.

The norms of the Criminal Procedure Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan: firstly, to strengthen the legality of criminal proceedings in the manner prescribed by criminal procedure laws; secondly, to prevent crimes; thirdly, to protect the interests of the individual, state and society. Special institutions of the public order service of internal affairs bodies participate in ensuring the implementation of the above-mentioned tasks of the Criminal Procedure Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan within the framework of the competence established in the current legislation.

Chapter 27 of the Criminal Procedure Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan provides for the purpose of detention, grounds, persons who have the right to hold a suspect until a criminal case is initiated, persons using the right of immunity during detention, order of detention until a criminal case is initiated, verification of the validity of the formation and detention, period of detention, , social relations, such as the collection of damage caused by retention, were regulated.

Article 2 of the code of administrative responsibility of the Republic of Uzbekistan: a) protection of rights and freedoms of Citizens, Property, state and public order, natural environment in the way of human and community well-being; B) ensuring social justice and legitimacy; C) timely and objective

consideration of cases of administrative offenses; g) prevention of offenses; D) the education of citizens in the spirit of compliance with the Constitution and laws of the Republic of Uzbekistan is established as the main tasks of the legislation on administrative responsibility. Special institutions of the internal affairs bodies are one of the main subjects providing for the implementation of the above-mentioned tasks of the code of administrative responsibility within the framework of the competence established in the current legislation.

The laws of the Republic of Uzbekistan play an important role in the legal regulation of the activities of special institutions of the public order service of internal affairs bodies.

One of the laws that served to legally strengthen the activities of special institutions of the internal affairs bodies is the law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "on detention in the course of criminal proceedings" No. 298 (September 29, 2011), which provides basic concepts related to detention and detention, basic principles of detention, grounds for detention, legal status of detainees and detainees, places of detention, , the obligations and material liability of detainees and detainees, the incentives and disciplinary penalties applied to detainees and detainees, and the provision of segregation, custody and supervision in detention facilities were regulated.

The law of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. 369 (may 5, 2014) "on the openness of the activities of state authorities and governing bodies" is an important document that defines the procedure for obtaining and using relevant (not prohibited) information regarding the activities of special institutions of internal affairs bodies, in particular, within the system of state authorities and governing bodies of individuals and The adoption of this law, in addition to providing citizens with a more comprehensive implementation of their constitutional rights in the field of information, also strengthened the responsibility of the state authorities and governing bodies to improve the quality of decisions made [8; b-5]. Such important issues as issuing reports on the results of the activities of special institutions of the public order service of the internal affairs bodies were regulated within the framework of the norms of this law. guarantees of the rights of persons to apply, the procedure for issuing and reviewing appeals, the rights of individuals and legal entities in this area and the rights and obligations of state bodies, organizations and their officials are established. In accordance with this law, the responsible employees of special institutions of the internal affairs bodies receive representatives of citizens and legal entities within their competence, consider their appeals.

Decrees and decisions of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan over the past years have occupied an important place in the organization and legal provision of the activities of special institutions of the public order service of internal affairs bodies in our country. In particular, the decree of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan "on measures to radically increase the effectiveness of the activities of internal affairs bodies, strengthen their responsibility in ensuring reliable protection of Public Order, citizens' rights, freedoms and legitimate interests" No. 5005 PF-5005 (April 10, 2017) is an important document that legally regulates the activities of special institutions of internal affairs bodies. The decree provided for a clear delimitation of the tasks, functions and responsibilities of special institutions of the internal affairs bodies, exclusion of powers that have lost their repeatability and relevance, strengthening the level of material and technical support that ensures the speed and efficiency of units, improving the quality of modern scientific and technical means and information and communication technologies, including public services [2].

In order to ensure the implementation of the measures established in this decree, a number of decisions were taken and focused on further development of the legal, organizational-tactical, material-technical and personnel framework of the industry [7; b-93].

Also, another important document that plays a key role in the legal regulation of the activities of Public Order and security of internal affairs bodies adopted within the framework of the implementation of this decree is the decision of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan "on measures to radically improve the activities of internal affairs bodies in the field of Public Order and Public Security" PQ – 2940 (may 1, 2017)

The Ministry of health of the Republic of Uzbekistan approved by the decree of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan "on approval of the concept of public safety of the Republic of Uzbekistan and measures for its implementation" No. PF-27 (November 29, 2021). – it was shown as one of the subjects of Public Safety, and the implementation of medical social rehabilitation of persons suffering from alcoholism, drug use, toxic substances, other diseases that pose a danger to others, as well as the mentally ill, was one of its tasks in this regard.

Also, the introduction of the procedure for the medical examination of a person and the implementation of procedural actions in relation to him in the center itself when placing persons who do not have a specific place of residence in the Rehabilitation Center, was established as one of the main directions for the development of the legal framework for ensuring public security in the

The decisions of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan on the sphere play an important role in the legal provision of the activities of special institutions of the public order service of the internal affairs bodies. In accordance with Resolution No. 734 (September 18, 2017) of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan "on the approval of the regulation on special receptions intended for the reception and storage of persons who have been detained in administrative custody", the "regulation on special receptions intended for the reception and storage of persons who have been detained" was approved.

309 of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan "on approval of the regulation on rehabilitation centers of persons who do not have a specific place of residence of internal affairs bodies"

In accordance with the decision (April 26, 2018), the following were established:

- 1) the procedure for placing the relevant categories of persons held in rehabilitation centers of persons who do not have a specific place of residence of internal affairs bodies in boarding houses of the Ministry of health of the Republic of Uzbekistan for "generous" elderly and disabled people and boarding houses for "disabled" disabled people;
- 2) placement of persons who are held in rehabilitation centers of persons who do not have a specific place of residence of internal affairs bodies, who need medical care in accordance with the guidelines of these centers in accordance with the established procedure for treatment and preventive institutions in the system of health authorities, as well as the restoration of their health;
- 3) ensuring the employment of working persons held in rehabilitation centers of persons of internal affairs bodies who do not have a specific place of residence.

Also, by this decision, the "regulation on rehabilitation centers of persons of internal affairs bodies who do not have a specific place of residence" was approved.

On the basis of the decree of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. 143 (March 16, 2021) "on the approval of the standards for the provision of persons held in penal institutions,

investigative detention centers, temporary detention centers and special receptions of the Ministry of internal affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan", the following were approved:

- "Food supply standards for convicts serving their sentences in penal institutions of the Ministry of internal affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan, persons held in investigative detention centers and temporary detention centers, as well as persons serving administrative prison sentences in special receptions";
- "Norms of the Ministry of internal affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan for the provision of clothing and bedding for convicts serving their sentence in penal institutions, persons held in investigative detention centers and temporary detention centers";
- "Norms for the provision of pregnant and lactating women with food, clothing and bedding stored in investigative detention centers, penal colonies and temporary detention centers of the Ministry of internal affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan";
- "Norms for the provision of food products and clothing (item) for patients in stationary treatment in treatment institutions of the Ministry of internal affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan, medical departments of penal institutions".

Internal departmental documents of the Ministry of internal affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan are regulatory legal acts that directly regulate the activities of special institutions of internal affairs bodies, determine its mechanism, which are regulated as follows. In particular, the internal affairs bodies set out the rules for the organization of the activities of special institutions, the rules of internal order and the medical and sanitary provision of persons held in them.

Based on the above analyzes, it can be concluded that the reforms carried out by the internal affairs bodies to ensure the right to the activities of special institutions of the public order service, first of all, served to effectively ensure peace and tranquility in society, protect the rights and freedoms of citizens, and, moreover, to increase the role and position of internal affairs bodies; next, the problems of protecting our young people from spiritual threats, preventing them from being influenced by various foreign ideas, religious and ideological creeds, guaranteeing internal security in the country by ending the spread of violence and radical views in society are increasingly important in the current complex conditions, it is required to consistently continue reforms in this regard; finally, in the field of organizing public order in residential areas, a unique experience has been formed in every state of the world, especially in developed countries, based on the study of their advanced achievements, methods and forms of work, the introduction into the practice of our national legislation and its application serves to effectively organize the activities of internal affairs bodies to

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