

American Journal of Business Management, Economics and Banking

ISSN (E): 2832-8078 Volume 19, | December, 2023

GLOBALIZATION

Utkir Sheraliyevich Achilov O'zbekiston Respublikasi Qurolli Kuchlar Akademiyasi kafedra boshlig'i +998 90 805 53 77

A B S T R A C T KEYWORDS

In this article Globalization in the development of the modern world economy is one of the most basic processes and is considered a high stage of internationalization of economic life. International division of labor, international cooperation of production, foreign trade and other international economic relations interaction of national economies as a result of the development of forms connection and interdependence are becoming stronger. Current economy of states without taking into account external factors development cannot be ensured. It is known that the interdependence of countries' economies is increasing, foreign economic relations with national economies the increase in influence, the active participation of large countries in international relations internationalization of economic activity. The internationalization of the economy has passed through a number of stages past, the first is international economic cooperation and in this case, the rate of foreign trade is extremely important. Between countries regulatory and legal provision of international economic relations, of reproduction processes across national borders exit is international economic cooperation. International economic integration based on the division of labor merger and mutualization of the economies of the same countries to national economies due to effective development of relations can affect in different forms and levels.[1]

Investment, investment environment, investment attractiveness, economic factors, investment project, free economic zone

Introduction

Globalization processes have their own characteristics, the following aspects of the development trends of international economic relations in this context can be considered. New high-tech production as a result of globalization in terms of production, scientific, technical and technological aspects adaptation to the method and rapid and wide spread of new technologies through a sharp expansion of the production line that is, barriers to the movement of goods, services and capital are possible eliminates up to a sharp improvement in the quality of the transport and communication system, goods and ensures rapid spread of services. Nowadays, the information exchange is almost instantaneous.[2] Economical horses about opportunities and contracts are speeding around the world

American Journal of Business Management, Economics and Banking

Volume 19 December, 2023

is transmitted with Export and import goods from one place to another and it takes several days or weeks to deliver to the place just enough. If there is a change in one market of the globe therefore, in a minute or two it is m aium in other parts of the world paint These are mainly stock exchanges, currency and commodity markets, as well as scientific innovations and their implementation may be specific to their reality. Based on these, now The distance is serious for partners who are far away from each other during the period it should be noted that it is not a problem.[3]

Main Body

Investments in fixed capital in Uzbekistan have a growing trend increasing indicates the comfort of the investment environment. Such an investment situation, giving the opportunity to quickly change the technological level of economic growth is coming According to the opinions of many experts, the rate of growth is even higher it is required to increase. Such growth rates of investments are investors creation of a favorable environment for investment, influence on investment dynamics and structure with the total economic, legal, organizational, political and social conditions is determined.[4] In particular, this is why the import of investments is increasing it shows. Having solved the task of creating a positive investment environment globalization of the economy and the use of investment resources available in the world thereby increasing competition among investment recipients it is important to consider its strengthening. Correspondingly, if we put in from outside if we want to increase the size, better conditions for them than competitors we must have.[5] This includes not only foreign, but also national investment resources it is assumed that their "flow" abroad is for them in their own country shows that the created environment is not very comfortable. Investment environment of regions contents are as follows:

- objective factors;
- stratification of the investment environment at different levels of the economy;
- regional investment environments of the national economy investment environment does not lead to a complex (synergism property);
- introducing an investment environment into the economic system of the region;
- emergence of various risks as a result of certain conditions.

The task of constant monitoring of the investment environment is urgent is considered.[6]

Conclusion

If we conclude from the above, it is foreign in our country attracting investments, aimed at increasing the investment attractiveness of regions and increase the efficiency of attracted foreign direct investments systematic works on In addition, investment projects regional bodies responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of done These measures have been implemented in the regions and the country will contribute more to the economy.

References

- 1. Karimov I.A. Mamlakatimizda demokratik islohotlami yanada chuqurlashtirish va fuqarolik jamiyatini rivojlantirish konsepsiyasi: Oʻzbekiston Respublikasi Oliy Majlisi Qonunchilik palatasi va Senatining qoʻshma majlisidagi m a'ruzasi. T.: Oʻzbekiston, 2010. 56 b.
- 2. Karimov l.A Jahon moliyaviy-iqtisodiy inqirozi, Oʻzbekiston sharoitida uni bartaraf etishning yoʻllari va choralari.- T.: 0 ʻzbekiston ,2009-56-b.

American Journal of Business Management, Economics and Banking

Volume 19 December, 2023

- 3. Karimov I.A. 2014-yil yuqori oʻsish sur'atlari bilan rivojlanish, barcha mavjud iinkonvyatlanni safarbar etish, oʻzini oqlagan islohotlar strategiyasini izchil davom ettirish-yili boʻla d iT .Oʻzbekiston ,2014. 6-b.
- 4. Nazarova G .G \, N.M.Salixova. Jahon iqtisodiyotining globallashuvi. Oʻquv qoʻllanma. T.: TD1U, "Iqtisodiyot", 2011. 320 b.
- 5. Фаминский И.П. Глобализация новое качество мировой экономики: учеб. пособие. М.: Магистр, 2009. 397 с.
- 6. A.A. Isadjanov. Jahon iqtisodiyotining globallashuvi. T.: JIDU, 2 0 0 8, 185 b.